

JOB NO.: TCS00864/16

CEDD SERVICE CONTRACT NO. NTE/07/2016 ENVIRONMENTAL TEAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ANDERSON ROAD QUARRY SITE - SITE FORMATION AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS

MONTHLY ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDIT REPORT (FEBRUARY 2017)

PREPARED FOR CIVIL ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT (CEDD)

Reference No. **Prepared By Certified By Date** 

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Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- ES01 Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting (AUES) has been awarded the Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD) Service Contract No. NTE/07/2016 Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Ouarry Site - Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works (hereinafter called "the Service Contract") on 15 December 2016. The commencement date of the Service Contract is from December 2016 and the Contract Period is 70 months.
- **ES02** The Services under the Service Contract is to provide environmental monitoring and audit (EM&A) services for the Works Contracts pursuant to the requirement of Environmental Team (ET) under the EM&A manual to ensure that the environmental performance of the Works Contracts comply with the requirement specified in the EM&A Manual and EIA Report of Development of Anderson Road Quarry and other relevant statutory requirements.
- ES03 To facilitate the project management and implementation, the Service Contract is divided to three CEDD contracts including Contract 1 (NE/2016/01), Contract 2 (NE/2016/05) and Contract 3. As advised by the RE, the date for commencement of Contract 1 was on 21 December 2016 whereas Contracts 2 and 3 were not yet commenced.
- **ES04** The major construction activities under Contract 1 are expected to be commenced in April 2017. However, site clearance and some site preparation works have been started in February 2017. As instructed by the RE, site inspection for Contract 1 was commenced in February 2017 in order to oversee the environmental performance of the project.
- ES05 This is the monthly EM&A report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the reporting period from 1 to 28 February 2017 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').
- **ES06** Since the major construction activities under the Project were not yet commenced, there were no environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A programme in the Reporting Period.
- ES07 In this Reporting Period, joint site inspection to evaluate the site environmental performance for Contract 1 was carried out by the RE, ET and Contractor on 7, 17, 21 and 28 February 2017 in which IEC joined the site inspection on 7 February 2017. No non-compliance was noted during the site inspection.
- **ES08** No environmental complaints for the Project were received in the Reporting Period.
- ES09 No environmental summons or successful prosecutions for the Project were recorded in the Reporting Period.
- ES10 No reporting changes were made in the Reporting Period.
- ES11 The Contractor was reminded that all the site clearance and site preparation works are fulfill the statuary requirement.



# **Table of Contents**

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND	1
	1.2 REPORT STRUCTURE	1
2.	PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS	2
	2.1 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PACKAGING	2
	2.2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION	3
	2.3 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS	3
3.	SUMMARY OF IMPACT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	4
	3.1 GENERAL	4
	3.2 MONITORING PARAMETERS	4
	3.3 MONITORING LOCATIONS	4
	3.4 MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD	6
	3.5 MONITORING EQUIPMENT	6
	3.6 MONITORING METHODOLOGY	7
	DERIVATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS	9
	3.8 DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL	9
4.	AIR QUALITY MONITORING	11
	4.1 GENERAL	11
5.	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING	12
	5.1 GENERAL	12
6.	WASTE MANAGEMENT	13
	6.1 GENERAL WASTE MANAGEMENT	13
	6.2 RECORDS OF WASTE QUANTITIES	13
7.	SITE INSPECTION	14
	7.1 REQUIREMENTS	14
	7.2 FINDINGS / DEFICIENCIES DURING THE REPORTING MONTH	14
8.	ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT AND NON-COMPLIANCE	15
	8.1 Environmental Complaint, Summons and Prosecution	15
9.	IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES	16
	9.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	16
	9.2 TENTATIVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN THE COMING MONTH	16
	9.3 KEY ISSUES FOR THE COMING MONTH	16
10.	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	17
	10.1 CONCLUSIONS	17
	10.2 RECOMMENDATIONS	17

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Augustian Works **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

# **LIST OF TABLES**

TABLE 2-1	STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS OF THE CONTRACT 1
TABLE 2-2	STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS OF THE CONTRACT $2$
TABLE 3-1	SUMMARY OF EM&A REQUIREMENTS
TABLE 3-2	IMPACT MONITORING STATIONS - AIR QUALITY
TABLE 3-3	IMPACT MONITORING STATIONS - CONSTRUCTION NOISE
TABLE 3-4	AIR QUALITY MONITORING EQUIPMENT
TABLE 3-5	CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING EQUIPMENT
TABLE 3-6	ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS FOR AIR QUALITY MONITORING
TABLE 3-7	ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS FOR CONSTRUCTION NOISE
TABLE 6-1	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES OF INERT C&D MATERIALS
TABLE 6-2	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES OF C&D WASTES
TABLE 7-1	SITE OBSERVATIONS OF CONTRACT 1
TABLE 8-1	STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINTS
TABLE 8-2	STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUMMONS
TABLE 8-3	STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROSECUTION
TABLE 9-1	ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

# **LIST OF APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A	LAYOUT PLAN OF THE PROJECT
APPENDIX B	ORGANIZATION CHART
APPENDIX C	MONITORING LOCATIONS FOR IMPACT MONITORING
APPENDIX D	EVENT AND ACTION PLAN
APPENDIX E	IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

## 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND

- Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting (hereinafter referred as "AUES") has been awarded the CEDD Service Contract No. NTE/07/2016 Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site - Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works (hereinafter called "the Service Contract") on 15 December 2016. The commencement date of the Service Contract is in December 2016 and the Contract Period is 70 months.
- 1.1.2 The Services under the Service Contract is to provide environmental monitoring and audit (EM&A) services for the Works Contracts pursuant to the requirement of Environmental Team (ET) under the EM&A manual to ensure that the environmental performance of the Works Contracts comply with the requirement specified in the EM&A Manual and EIA Report of Development of Anderson Road Quarry and other relevant statutory requirements.
- 1.1.3 Development of Anderson Road Quarry is to provide land and the associated infrastructures for the proposed land used at the existing Anderson Road Ouarry Site at the North-eastern of East Kowloon according to the final Recommended Outline Development Plan (hereinafter named as the Project Works).
- 1.1.4 To facilitate the project management and implementation, the Service Contract is divided to three CEDD contracts including Contract 1 (NE/2016/01), Contract 2 (NE/2016/05) and Contract 3. As advised by the RE, the date for commencement of Contract 1 was on 21 December 2016 whereas Contracts 2 and 3 were not yet commenced.
- 1.1.5 The major construction activities under Contract 1 are expected to be commenced in April 2017. However, site clearance and some site preparation works have been started in February 2017, as instructed by the RE, site inspection for Contract 1 was commenced in February 2017 in order to oversee the environmental performance of the project.
- This is the monthly EM&A report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the 1.1.6 reporting period from 1 to 28 February 2017 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').

#### 1.2 REPORT STRUCTURE

The Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report is structured into the following 1.1.1 sections:-

Section 1	Introduction
Section 2	Project Organization and Construction Progress
Section 3	Summary of Impact Monitoring Requirements
Section 4	Air Quality Monitoring
Section 5	Construction Noise Monitoring
Section 6	Water Quality Monitoring
Section 7	Waste Management
Section 8	Site Inspections

Section 9 Environmental Complaints and Non-Compliance Section 10 Implementation Status of Mitigation Measures Conclusions and Recommendations Section 11



## 2. PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

#### 2.1 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PACKAGING

2.1.1 To facilitate the project management and implementation, the Project would be divided by the 3 contracts as described in following. The details of each contracts is summarized below and the delineation of each contracts is shown in *Appendix A*.

## Contract 1 (Contract No. NE/2016/01)

- 2.1.2 Commencement date of Contract 1 was in late December 2016 and the major scope of work of Contract 1 is listed below:
  - Formation of about 40 hectares (ha) of land platforms at the ARQ site and the associated geotechnical works;
  - Road works including construction of approximately 3-kilometer long vehicular roads, footpaths, cycle tracks, an approximately 130-meter long underpass at the southern end an a public transport terminus at the northern end at the ARQ site;
  - Provision of and improvement to water supply, drainage and sewerage systems as well as landscaping works; and
  - Construction of proposed subway structures and lift tower structures of pedestrian connectivity facilities.

## Contract 2 (Contract No. NE/2016/05)

- 2.1.3 Commencement date of Contract 2 was 31 March 2017 and the major Scope of Work of the Contract 2 is listed below:
  - (i) Construction of the following pedestrian connectivity facilities with covered elevated walkways, covered at grad walkways, escalators, life towers with associate staircase and lifts:-
    - (a) Linking Hiu Kwong street with Hiu Ming Street (E1)
    - (b) Linking the proposed "Footbridge Link at Sau Ming Road" with Hiu Ming Street (E2, C1 and E3)
    - (c) Linking the proposed bus-to-bus interchange at Tseung Kwan O Tunnel Toll Plaza with Lin Tak Road (E12)
  - (ii) Construction of bus-to-bus interchange (BBI) at Tseung Kwan O Tunnel Toll Plaza; and
  - (iii) Associated landscape works.

#### Contract 3 (Contract number to be assigned)

- 2.1.4 The commencement date of Contract 3 is to be confirmed.
  - (i) Site formation and road works in the following sections:-
    - (a) at junction of Clear Water Bay Road (CWBR) and On Sau Road constructed under the Development at Anderson Road (DAR) project including the provision of U-turn facility and noise mitigation measures (RIW1);
    - (b) at New Clear Water Bay Road (NCWBR) near Shun Lee Tsuen Road including the road widening works at NCWBR, modification of existing subway structure and provision of noise mitigation measures (RIW2); and
    - (c) at the junction of Lin Tak Road and Sau Mau Ping Road, construction of flyover above Tseung Kwan O Road, provision of loading and unloading bays along Lin Tak Road and noise mitigation measures (RIW3).
  - (ii) construction of the following pedestrian connectivity facilities with covered elevated walkways, escalators and lift towers with associated staircases and lifts:-
    - (a) linking Anderson Road Quarry site with the DAR Site (except the works covered under Contract 1) (System A and System B);
    - (b) linking Hiu Ming Street with Hiu Yuk Path (E8); and



- (c) linking the proposed bus-bus interchange at Tseung Kwan O Tunnel Toll Plaza with Sau Mau Ping Road (E11).
- (iii) Associated landscape works.

## 2.2 PROJECT ORGANIZATION

2.2.1 The project organization for Contract 1 is shown in *Appendix B*.

#### 2.3 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS

## 2.3.1 <u>Contract 1 (NE/2016/01)</u>

As advised by the Contractor of Contract 1, the major construction activities were not yet started. Only site clearance and preparation works were undertaken in the Reporting Period.

# 2.3.2 <u>Contract 2 (NE/2016/05) and Contract 3</u>

Contracts 2 and 3 are not yet commenced.

2.3.3 Summary of the relevant permits, licenses, and/or notifications on environmental protection for the Project of contract 1 are presented in *Tables 2-1*.

Table 2-1 Status of Environmental Licenses and Permits of the Contract 1

Lice			ense/Permit Status		
Item	Description	Permit no./ account no./	Valid From	d Period To	Status
		Ref. no.			
1	Form NA - Notification pursuant to Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	EPD ref. no. 411762	NA	NA	valid
	Form NB - Notification pursuant to Air pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	EPD ref. no. 412730	NA	NA	valid
2	Chemical Waste Producer Registration	Registration no. WPN 5213-292-C411 5-01	15 Feb 2017	End of project	valid
3	Water Pollution Control Ordinance - Discharge License	WT00027252-2 017	20 Mar 2017	31 Mar 2022	valid
4	Waste Disposal Regulation - Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	Account no. 7026925	20 Jan 2017	End of project	valid
5	Construction Noise Permit	GW-RE0177-17	15 Mar 2017	14 Sep 2017	valid



## 3. SUMMARY OF IMPACT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1 GENERAL

- 3.1.1 The Environmental Monitoring and Audit requirements are set out in the Approved EM&A manual. Environmental issues such as air quality, construction noise and water quality were identified as the key issues during the construction phase of the Project.
- 3.1.2 A summary of construction phase EM&A requirements are presented in the sub-sections below.

#### 3.2 MONITORING PARAMETERS

- 3.2.1 The EM&A program of construction phase monitoring shall cover the following environmental issues:
  - Air quality; and
  - Construction noise
- 3.2.2 A summary of the monitoring parameters is presented in *Table 3-1*.

Table 3-1 Summary of EM&A Requirements

Environmental Issue	Parameters
Air Quality	<ul> <li>1-hour TSP by Real-Time Portable Dust Meter; and</li> <li>24-hour TSP by High Volume Air Sampler</li> </ul>
Noise	<ul> <li>Leq(30min) in normal working days (Monday to Saturday)         <ul> <li>07:00-19:00 except public holiday</li> </ul> </li> <li>Supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L<sub>10</sub> and L<sub>90</sub> shall also be obtained for reference.</li> </ul>

## 3.3 MONITORING LOCATIONS

3.3.1 According to the EM&A Manual Section 4.6, seven (7) most representative and affected air sensitive receivers (ASR) were selected as air monitoring stations (AQM). The air quality monitoring locations are listed in *Table 3-2* and illustrated in *Appendix C*.

**Table 3-2 Impact Monitoring Stations - Air Quality** 

ID	ASR ID in EIA	Location in the EM&A Manual	Identified Location during Site Visit
AMS-1	ACYC-01	Chi Yum Ching She	Ground of Chi Yum Ching facing the project site
AMS-2	DARB-13	Block 8, Site B Note 1	Ground of Block 8, Site B facing On Sau Road
AMS-3	DARC-16	Planned Clinic and Community Centre, Site C2	Ground of Planned Clinic and Community Centre facing Anderson Road
AMS-4	DARC-26	Planned School, Site C2 Note 2	Ground of Planned School facing Anderson Road
AMS-5	DARE-06	Block 5, DAR Site E	Main roof of Oi Tat House of On Tat Estate facing the project site
AMS-6	DARE-17	Block 9, Site E	Main roof of Hau Tat House of On Tat Estate facing the project site
AMS-7	AMYT-04	Ma Yau Tong Village	Balcony at 2 <sup>nd</sup> floor of Village House Anderson Road No. 1 facing the project site

*Note 1: The ASR is under construction and not yet in operation.* 

Note 2: The ASR is not yet constructed.

3.3.2 In our recent site visit at the subject site, it was noted that some planned ASRs identified in the



EM&A Manual are still under construction/ has not yet constructed and there were no suitable location to set up the high volume sampler to carry out the baseline 24-hour TSP monitoring. Therefore, a proposed changes for the baseline monitoring programme was submitted and agreed by EPD before the baseline monitoring.

- 3.3.3 In our baseline monitoring proposal, baseline 1-hour TSP monitoring will be conducted at all AQM location AMS-1 to AMS-7. However, baseline 24-hour TSP monitoring will be conducted at existing ASR AMS-1, AMS-5, AMS-6 and AMS-7 only with our justifications present below:
  - AQM Locations AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 are planned ASRs which are still under (a) construction/ has not yet constructed. During recent site visit, there were no suitable locations for setting up the HVS and electricity supply at these AQM locations.
  - Alternative locations were considered in accordance with EM&A Manual Section 4.7.3. (b) However, there were no suitable location found and our justifications are provided in below:
    - (i) Alternative locations Sau Mau Ping Estate and Shun Tin Estate were located at downhill of the subject site which separated by the active construction site (i.e., AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4) and Sau Mau Ping Road. In view of the level deviation, the baseline data obtained in these alternative locations could not represent the baseline condition of the designated location AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4. Moreover, when the planned ASR AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 activate sooner or later, impact monitoring should be carried out at these designated locations instead of the alternative locations.
    - (ii) Alternative location such as site boundary of the site subject was considered, however, there were no provisions of power supply to sustain the HVS continuously after consultation with the Contractor.
  - According to EM&A Manual Section 4.7.4, as an exceptional cases, it is proposed to adopt the (c) Action Level established at AMS-5 to AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 for impact monitoring as AMS-5 with our justification below.
    - (i) AMS-5 is the closest ASR to AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 under same direction of prevailing wind.
    - (ii) In view of the baseline 1-hour TSP data, the measured results at AMS-5 were lower than those collected at AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4. As a conservation approach, adopting Action Level at AMS-5 for Location AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 is more stringent for the project.
    - (iii) The Action level for AMS-2, AMS-3 & AMS-4 will be subject to review in accordance with EM&A Manual Section 4.7.5

# **Construction Noise**

3.3.4 According to the EM&A Manual Section 5.5, three (3) most representative and affected noise sensitive receivers (NSR) were selected as monitoring stations. As recommended by the RE and agreed by IEC, one (1) additional noise monitoring location is proposed to add in Oi Tat House of On Tat Estate (hereafter "NMS-4") to oversee the possible noise impact pose to the resident in On Tat Estate, which is an existing NSR close to the major works activities. The details of noise monitoring location are listed in *Table 2-3* and illustrated in *Appendix C*.

**Table 3-3 Impact Monitoring Stations - Construction Noise** 

ID	NSR ID in EIA Location	
NMS-1	Site C2 – School 05 Note 1	Ground of planned school at DAR facing the project
141415-1	Site C2 – School 03	site
NMS-2	Site E – School	Ground area between the planned school and Him
11113-2	Site E – School	Tat House facing the project site
NMS-3	Site C2 – R102 Note 1	Ground of Ancillary Facilities Building facing the
INIVIS-3	Site C2 – R102	project site



NMS-4*	Oi Tat House	1m from the exterior of ground floor façade of Oi
	Of Tat House	Tat House of On Tat Estate facing the project site

Note 1: The NSR is under construction and not yet in operation.

Remark: (\*) Additional noise monitoring location is recommended by RE and agreed by IEC

#### 3.4 MONITORING FREQUENCY AND PERIOD

3.4.1 The requirements of impact monitoring in the approved *EM&A Manual* and presented as follows.

#### Air Quality Monitoring

- 3.4.2 Frequency of impact air quality monitoring is as follows:
  - 1-hour TSP 3 times every six days during course of works throughout the construction period
  - 24-hour TSP Once every 6 days during course of works throughout the construction period

#### Noise Monitoring

- 3.4.3 Noise monitoring will be to conduct at the all available designated monitoring stations. The monitoring frequency shall depend on the scale of the construction activities. The following is an initial guide on the regular monitoring frequency for each station on a weekly basis when noise generating activities are underway:
  - one set of Leq<sub>(30min)</sub> measurements between 07:00 and 19:00 hours on normal weekdays

## 3.5 MONITORING EQUIPMENT

## Air Quality Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The 24-hour and 1-hour TSP levels shall be measured by following the standard high volume sampling method as set out in the *Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50)*, Appendix *B*. If the ET proposes to use a direct reading dust meter to measure 1-hour TSP levels, it shall submit sufficient information to the IEC to prove that the instrument is capable of achieving a comparable results to the HVS. The instrument should be calibrated regularly, and the 1-hour sampling shall be determined on yearly basis by the HVS to check the validity and accuracy of the results measured by direct reading method. The filter paper of 24-hour TSP measurement shall be determined by HOKLAS accredited laboratory.
- 3.5.2 All equipment to be used for air quality monitoring is listed in *Table 3-4*.

Table 3-4 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

	·				
	Equipment	Model			
24-hour	High Volume Air Sampler	TISCH High Volume Air Sampler, HVS Model TE-5170			
TSP	Calibration Kit	TISCH Model TE-5025A			
1- hour	Portable Dust Meter	Laser Dust Monitor TSI AM510 / Sibata LD-3B			
TSP		Laser Dust Monitor			

## Noise Monitoring

- 3.5.3 Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed shall be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in ms<sup>-1</sup>.
- 3.5.4 Noise equipment as perform for baseline monitoring is listed in *Table 3-5*.



**Table 3-5** Construction Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model
Integrating Sound Level Meter	B&K Type 2238 or Rion NL-31 or Rion NL-52
Calibrator	B&K Type 4231 or Rion NC-74
Portable Wind Speed Indicator	Anemometer AZ Instrument 8908

# 3.6 MONITORING METHODOLOGY

#### 1-hour TSP

- 3.6.1 The 1-hour TSP monitor was a brand named "Sibata LD-3 Laser Dust monitor Particle Mass Profiler & Counter" which is a portable, battery-operated laser photometer. The 1-hour TSP meter provides a real time 1-hour TSP measurement based on 90° light scattering. The 1-hour TSP monitor consists of the following:
  - (a.) A pump to draw sample aerosol through the optic chamber where TSP is measured;
  - (b.) A sheath air system to isolate the aerosol in the chamber to keep the optics clean for maximum reliability; and
  - (c.) A built-in data logger compatible with Windows based program to facilitate data collection, analysis and reporting.
- 3.6.2 The 1-hour TSP meter to be used will be within the valid period, calibrated by the manufacturer prior to purchasing. Zero response of the instrument will be checked before and after each monitoring event.

## 24-hour TSP

- 3.6.3 The equipment used for 24-hour TSP measurement is Thermo Andersen Model GS2310 TSP high volume air sampling system, which complied with *EPA Code of Federal Regulation, Appendix B to Part 50*. The High Volume Air Sampler (HVS) consists of the following:
  - (a.) An anodized aluminum shelter;
  - (b.) A 8"x10" stainless steel filter holder;
  - (c.) A blower motor assembly;
  - (d.) A continuous flow/pressure recorder;
  - (e.) A motor speed-voltage control/elapsed time indicator;
  - (f.) A 7-day mechanical timer, and
  - (g.) A power supply of 220v/50 Hz
- 3.6.4 For HVS for 24-hour TSP monitoring, the HVS is mounted in a metallic cage with a top for protection and also it is sat on the existing ground or the roof of building. The flow rate of the HVS between 0.6m³/min and 1.7m³/min will be properly set in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction to within the range recommended in *EPA Code of Federal Regulation*, *Appendix B to Part 50*. Glass Fiber Filter 8" x 10" of TE-653 will be used for 24-Hour TSP monitoring and would be supplied by laboratory. The general procedures of sampling are described as below:-
  - A horizontal platform with appropriate support to secure the samples against gusty wind should be provided;
  - No two samplers should be placed less than 2 meters apart;
  - The distance between the sampler and an obstacle, such as building, must be at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the sample;
  - A minimum of 2 meters of separation from any supporting structure, measured horizontally is required;
  - Before placing any filter media at the HVS, the power supply will be checked to ensure the sampler work properly;
  - The filter paper will be set to align on the screen of HVS to ensure that the gasket formed an air tight seal on the outer edges of the filter. Then filter holder frame will be tightened to the

**Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works** 



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

- filter hold with swing bolts. The holding pressure should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edge.
- The mechanical timer will be set for a sampling period of 24 hours (00:00 mid-night to 00:00 mid-night next day). Information will be recorded on the field data sheet, which would be included the sampling data, starting time, the weather condition at current and the filter paper ID with the initial weight;
- After sampling, the filter paper will be collected and transfer from the filter holder of the HVS to a sealed envelope and sent to a local HOKLAS accredited laboratory for quantifying.
- 3.6.5 All the sampled 24-hour TSP filters will be kept in normal air conditioned room conditions, i.e. 70% HR (Relative Humidity) and 25°C, for six months prior to disposal.
- 3.6.6 The HVS used for 24-hour TSP monitoring will be calibrated before the commencement for sampling, and after in two months interval for 1 point checking of maintenance and six months interval for five points calibrate in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction using the NIST-certified standard calibrator (Tisch Calibration Kit Model TE-5025A) to establish a relationship between the follow recorder meter reading in cfm (cubic feet per minute) and the standard flow rate, Qstd, in m³/min. Motor brushes of HVS will be regularly replaced of about five hundred hours per time. The calibration certificates of all monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program and the HOKLAS accredited certificate of laboratory will be provided.

## **Noise Monitoring**

- 3.6.7 As referred to in the Technical Memorandum (TM) issued under the NCO, sound level meters in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications shall be used for carrying out the noise monitoring. Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements may be accepted as valid only if the calibration levels from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.
- 3.6.8 All noise measurements will be performed with the meter set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq). Leq $_{(30 \text{ min})}$  in six consecutive Leq $_{(5 \text{ min})}$  measurements will be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 07:00-19:00 hours on weekdays throughout the construction period.
- 3.6.9 The sound level meter will be mounted on a tripod at a height of 1.2 m and placed at the assessment point and oriented such that the microphone is pointed to the site with the microphone facing perpendicular to the line of sight. The windshield will be fitted for all measurements. Where a measurement is to be carried out at a building, the assessment point would normally be at a position 1 m from the exterior of the building façade. Where a measurement is to be made for noise being received at a place other than a building, the assessment point would be at a position 1.2 m above the ground in a free-field situation, i.e. at least 3.5 m away from reflective surfaces such as adjacent buildings or walls.
- 3.6.10 Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter will be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements will be accepted as valid only if the calibration level from before and after the noise measurement agrees to within 1.0 dB.
- 3.6.11 Noise measurements will not be made in fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5m/s or wind with gusts exceeding 10m/s. The wind speed will be checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring the wind speed in m/s.
- 3.6.12 The sound level meter and calibrator are calibrated and certified by a laboratory accredited under HOKLAS or any other international accreditation scheme at yearly basis. The calibration



certificates of all monitoring equipment used for the impact monitoring program will be provided.

## Meteorological Information

3.6.13 The meteorological information including wind direction, wind speed, humidity, rainfall, air pressure and temperature etc. during baseline monitoring is extracted from the closest Hong Kong Observatory Station. To obtain the most appropriate meteorological information where available, the data of temperature is extracted from the Kwun Tong Observatory Station; the data of wind speed and wind direction are extracted from Kai Tak Observatory Station and the data of humidity is extracted from King's Park Station.

## 3.7 DERIVATION OF ACTION/LIMIT (A/L) LEVELS

3.7.1 The baseline results form the basis for determining the environmental acceptance criteria for the impact monitoring. According to the approved Environmental Monitoring and Audit Manual, the air quality, construction noise were set up, namely Action and Limit levels are listed in *Tables* 3-6 and 3-7.

Table 3-6 Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality Monitoring

<b>3 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	Action Level (μg/m³)		Limit Level (µg/m³)	
Monitoring Station	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP	1-hour TSP	24-hour TSP
AMS-1	313	154	500	260
AMS-2	319	165	500	260
AMS-3	319	165	500	260
AMS-4	315	165	500	260
AMS-5	299	166	500	260
AMS-6	303	168	500	260
AMS-7	307	156	500	260

**Table 3-7** Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise

Manitaning Lagation	Action Level	Limit Level in dB(A)	
Monitoring Location	Time Period: 0700-1900 hours on normal weekdays		
NMS-1		75 dB(A) Note 1 / 70 dB(A) Note 2 / 65 dB(A) Note 2	
NMS-2	When one or more documented	<b>70</b> $dB(A)^{Note 2} / 65 dB(A)^{Note 2}$	
NMS-3	complaints are received	75 dB(A)	
NMS-4*		<b>75</b> dB(A)	

- Note 1: Locations NMS-1 and NMS-2 are planned school as NSRs which are still under construction/not yet constructed; hence the Limit Levels of 75dB(A) is adopted for NMS-1 and NMS-2 until the school is occupied and in operation.
- Note 2: Noise Limit Levels for school is 70dB(A) and should be reduced to 65dB(A) during examination period.
- Note: If works are to be carried out during restricted hours, the conditions stipulated in the construction noise permit issued by the Noise Control Authority have to be followed.

Remark: (\*) Additional noise monitoring location is recommended by RE and agreed by IEC

3.7.2 Should non-compliance of the environmental quality criteria occurs, remedial actions will be triggered according to the Event and Action Plan which presented in *Appendix D*.

## 3.8 DATA MANAGEMENT AND DATA QA/QC CONTROL

3.8.1 All monitoring data will be handled by the ET's in-house data recording and management system. The monitoring data recorded in the equipment will be downloaded directly from the equipment at the end of each monitoring day. The downloaded monitoring data will input into a computerized database properly maintained by the ET. The laboratory results will be input directly into the computerized database and checked by personnel other than those who input the data.

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works



**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

3.8.2 For monitoring parameters that require laboratory analysis, the local laboratory shall follow the QA/QC requirements as set out under the HOKLAS scheme for the relevant laboratory tests.

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and AUES **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

# 4. AIR QUALITY MONITORING

## 4.1 GENERAL

4.1.1 Since the major construction activities under the Project were not yet commenced, there were no air quality monitoring activities under the EM&A programme in the Reporting Period.

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and AUES **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

# 5. CONSTRUCTION NOISE MONITORING

## 5.1 GENERAL

5.1.1 Since the major construction activities under the Project were not yet commenced, there were no noise monitoring activities under the EM&A programme in the Reporting Period.



## 6. WASTE MANAGEMENT

#### **6.1 GENERAL WASTE MANAGEMENT**

6.1.1 Waste management was carried out by an on-site Environmental Officer or an Environmental Supervisor from time to time.

# **6.2 RECORDS OF WASTE QUANTITIES**

- 6.2.1 All types of waste arising from the construction work are classified into the following:
  - Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material;
  - Chemical Waste:
  - General Refuse; and
  - Excavated Soil.
- 6.2.2 As advised by the Contractor of Contract 1, no waste disposal were made in the Reporting period. The quantities of waste for disposal in this Reporting Period are summarized in *Tables 6-1* and *6-2*.

Table 6-1 Summary of Quantities of Inert C&D Materials

	Contract 1		
Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location	
C&D Materials (Inert) ('000m <sup>3</sup> )	0	-	
Reused in this Contract (Inert) ('000m <sup>3</sup> )	0	-	
Reused in other Projects (Inert) ('000m <sup>3</sup> )	0	-	
Disposal as Public Fill (Inert) ('000m <sup>3</sup> )	0	-	

Table 6-2 Summary of Quantities of C&D Wastes

T	Contract 1		
Type of Waste	Quantity	Disposal Location	
Recycled Metal ('000kg)	0	-	
Recycled Paper / Cardboard Packing ('000kg)	0	-	
Recycled Plastic ('000kg)	0	-	
Chemical Wastes ('000kg)	0	-	
General Refuses ('000m <sup>3</sup> )	0	-	



## 7. SITE INSPECTION

## 7.1 REQUIREMENTS

7.1.1 According to the approved EM&A Manual, the environmental site inspection shall be formulation by ET Leader. Weekly environmental site inspections should carry out to confirm the environmental performance. As advised by the RE, weekly environmental site inspection was commenced in February 2017.

## 7.2 FINDINGS / DEFICIENCIES DURING THE REPORTING MONTH

## Contract 1

- 7.2.1 In the Reporting Period, joint site inspection for Contract 1 to evaluate site environmental performance was carried out by the RE, ET and the Contractor on 7, 17, 21 and 28 February 2017 in which IEC joined the site inspection on 7 February 2017. No non-compliance was noted.
- 7.2.2 The findings / deficiencies of *Contract 1* that observed during the weekly site inspection are listed in *Table 7-1*.

Table 7-1 Site Observations of Contract 1

Date	Findings / Deficiencies	Follow-Up Status
7 February 2017	<ul> <li>Wheel washing facility was not observed at the vehicular site exit, the Contractor should provide proper wheel washing facility such as high pressure jet or washing bay and ensure all vehicles were washed before leaving the site to minimize dust impact.</li> <li>Dry haul roads and exposed ground were observed within the construction site, the Contractor should implement dust suppression measures such as water spraying at adequate frequency to reduce fugitive dust and minimize dust impact.</li> <li>The Contractor was reminded to improve the wastewater discharge point located near the site entrance to ensure it could be functioned effectively, particularly the sediment at the end of the outlet point shall be cleaned.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wheel washing facility is provided.</li> <li>Water spraying was observed to minimize dust impact.</li> <li>Not required for reminder.</li> </ul>
17 February 2017	<ul> <li>Drip tray should be provided for all chemical container storage on site. (Gate 3)</li> <li>Plug for the drip tray is missing. The contractor should plug the drip tray to prevent waste oil inside drip tray spillage out. (Gate 3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drip tray was provided for the oil drum storage on site.</li> <li>Drip tray for the generator was plugged.</li> </ul>
21 February 2017	No adverse environmental issues were observed.	•
28 February 2017	• Stagnant water cumulated inside the drip tray after rainstorm should be cleaned. (Gate 3)	Stagnant water cumulated inside the drip tray was cleared.



## 8. ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT AND NON-COMPLIANCE

## 8.1 Environmental Complaint, Summons and Prosecution

8.1.1 In the Reporting Period, no environmental complaint, summons and prosecution under the EM&A Programme was lodged for the project. The statistical summary table of environmental complaint is presented in *Tables 8-1*, 8-2 and 8-3.

 Table 8-1
 Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Domontino Donio d	Contract	Env	ironmental Complain	t Statistics
Reporting Period	no.	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature
1 – 28 Feb 2017	1	0	0	NA

 Table 8-2
 Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Donouting Dowled	Contract	Env	<b>Environmental Summons Statistics</b>		
Reporting Period	no.	Frequency	Cumulative	Summons Nature	
1 – 28 Feb 2017	1	0	0	NA	

Table 8-3 Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Donauting Davied	Contract	Environmental Prosecution Statistics		
Reporting Period	no.		Cumulative	<b>Prosecution Nature</b>
1 – 28 Feb 2017	1	0	0	NA

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

## 9. IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF MITIGATION MEASURES

## 9.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

9.1.1 The environmental mitigation measures that recommended in the Implementation Schedule for Environmental Mitigation Measures (ISEMM) in the approved EM&A Manual covered the issues of dust, noise, water and waste and they are summarized presented in *Appendix E*.

## 9.2 TENTATIVE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN THE COMING MONTH

9.2.1 Construction activities for Contract 1 in next reporting month are generally site clearance and site preparation

## 9.3 KEY ISSUES FOR THE COMING MONTH

9.3.1 The Contractor was reminded that all the site clearance and site preparation works are fulfill the statuary requirement.

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

## 10. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 10.1 CONCLUSIONS

- 10.1.1 This is the monthly EM&A report presenting the monitoring results and inspection findings for the reporting period from 1 to 28 February 2017 (hereinafter 'the Reporting Period').
- Since the major construction activities under the Project were not yet commenced, there were no environmental monitoring activities under the EM&A programme in the Reporting Period.
- In this Reporting Period, joint site inspection to evaluate the site environmental performance for *Contract 1* was carried out by the RE, ET and Contractor on 7, 17, 21 and 28 February 2017 in which IEC joined the site inspection on 7 February 2017. No non-compliance was noted during the site inspection.
- 10.1.4 No documented complaint, notification of summons or successful prosecution was received under the Project.

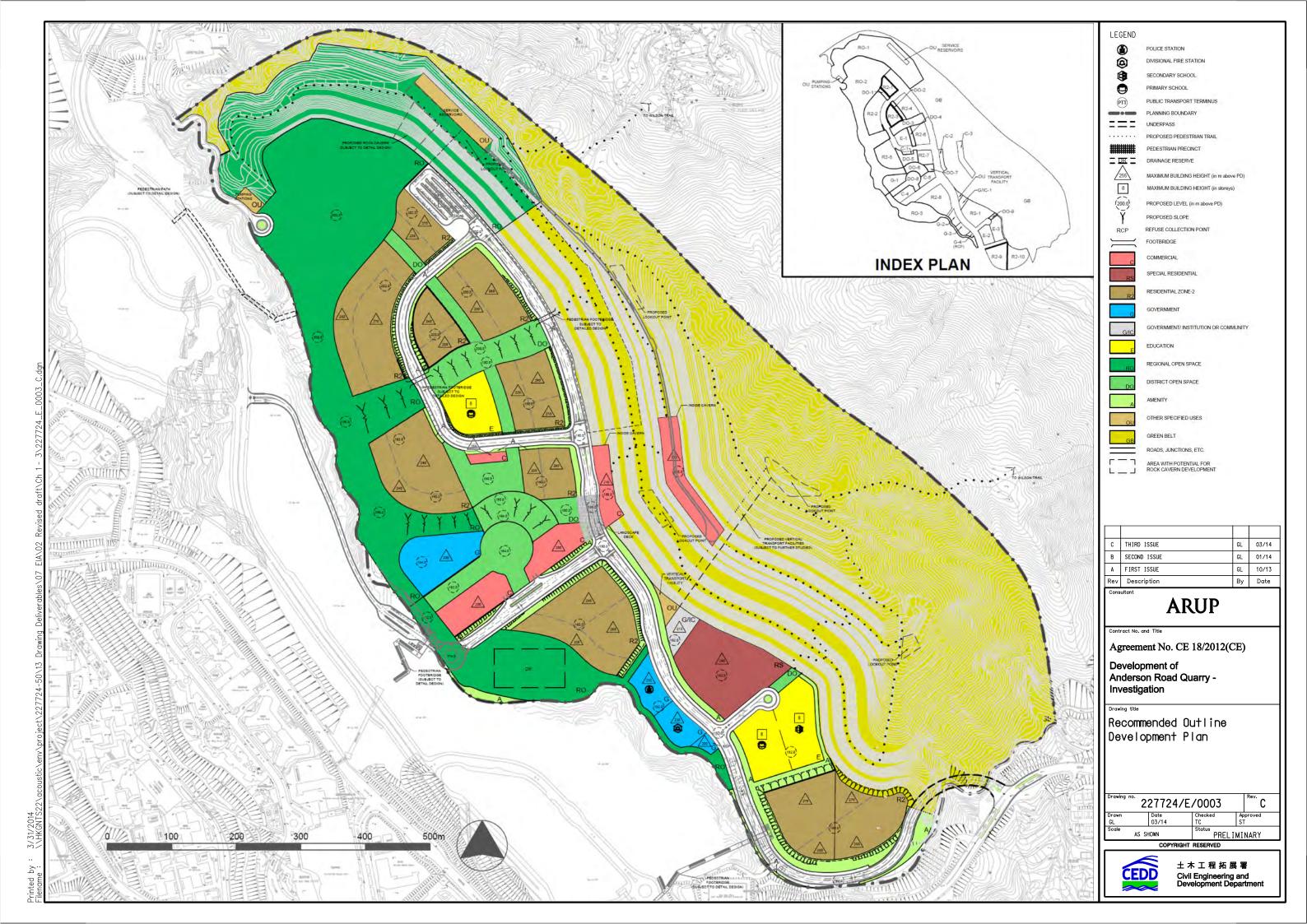
#### 10.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

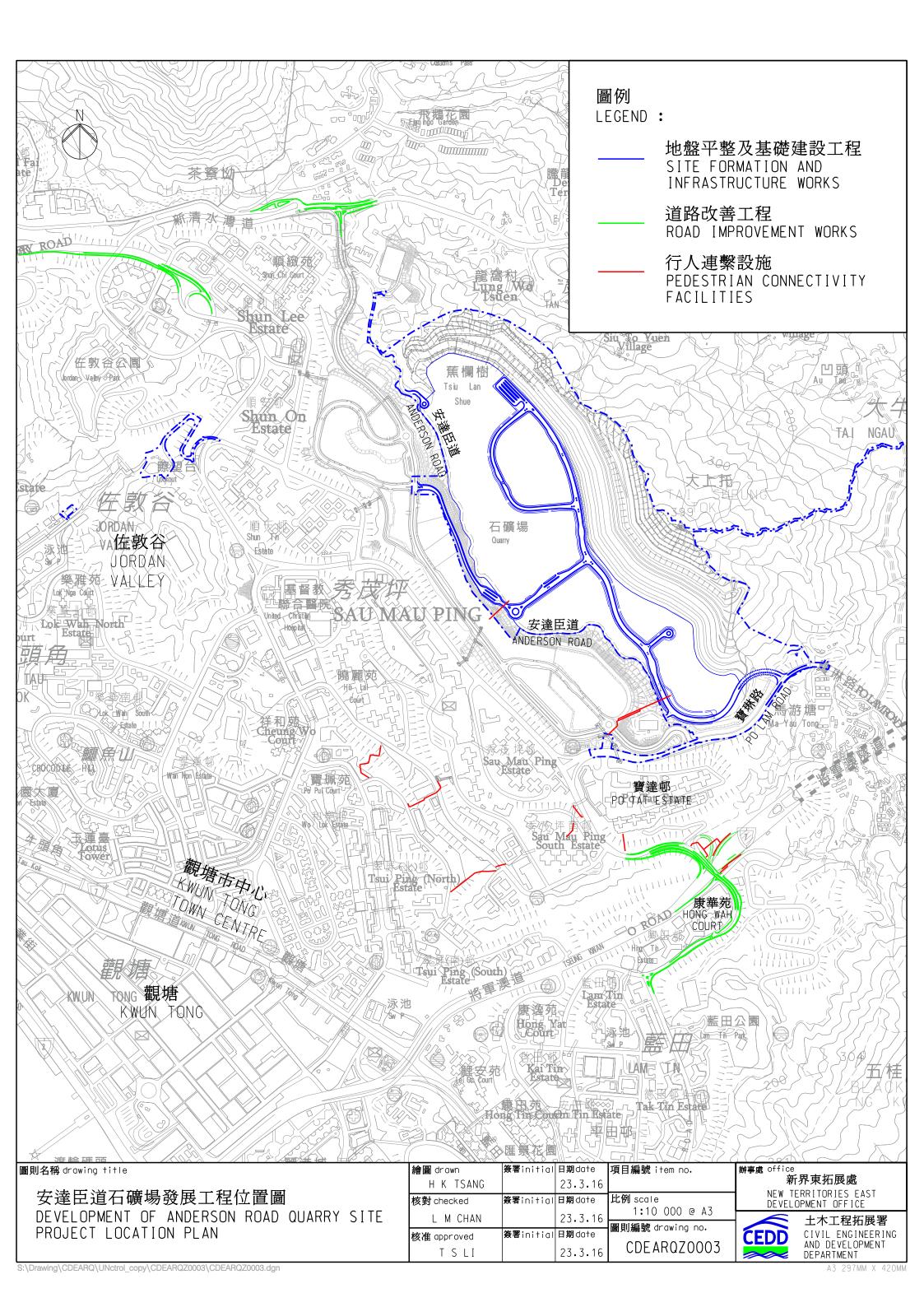
10.2.1 The Contractor was reminded that all the site clearance and site preparation works are fulfill the statuary requirement.



# Appendix A

Layout plan of the Project





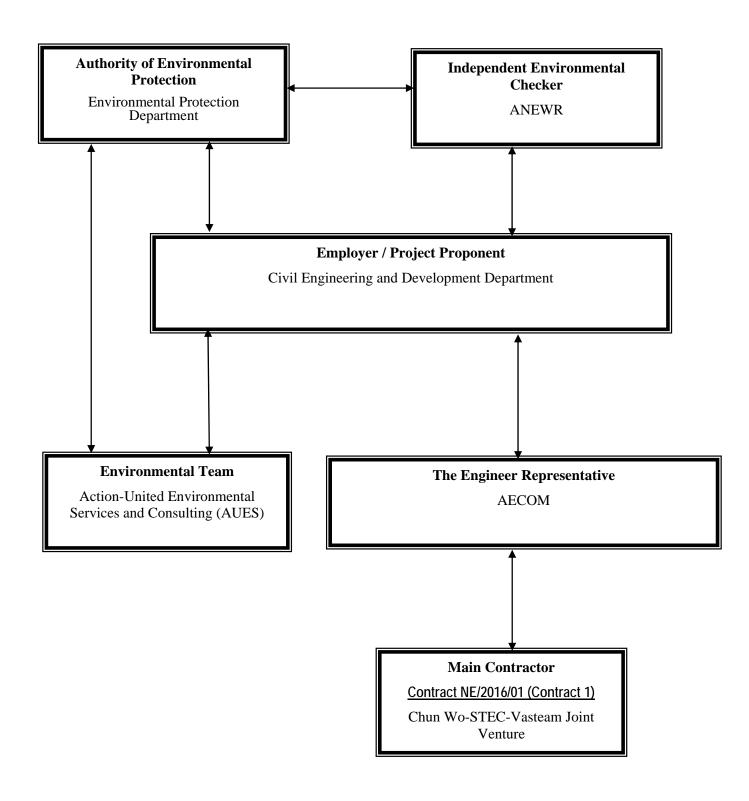


# Appendix B

**Organization Chart** 



# Project Organization Structure for





# Contact Details of Key Personnel for Contract 1 – NE/2016/01

Organization	Project Role	Name of Key Staff	Tel No.	Fax No.
CEDD	Engineer	Stephen Li	2301 1383	2739 0076
AECOM	Chief Resident Engineer	Dennis Leung	2967 6608	2473 3221
AECOM	Senior Resident Engineer	Simon Leung	2967 6608	2473 3221
ANEWR	Independent Environmental Checker	Adi Lee	2618 2836	3007 8648
CSVJV	Project Manager	William Leung	2638 7181	2744 6937
CSVJV	Site Agent	TY Leung	2638 7181	2744 6937
CSVJV	Project Environmental Manager	Shelton Chan	2638 7181	2744 6937
CSVJV	Environmental Officer	Kiwi Chan	2638 7181	2744 6937
AUES	Environmental Team Leader	T. W. Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Nicola Hon	2959 6059	2959 6079
AUES	Environmental Consultant	Ben Tam	2959 6059	2959 6079

## Legend:

CEDD (Employer) - Civil Engineering and Development Department

AECOM (Engineer) – AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

CSVJV (Main Contractor) - Chun Wo-STEC-Vasteam Joint Venture

ANEWR (IEC) -ANewR Consulting Limited

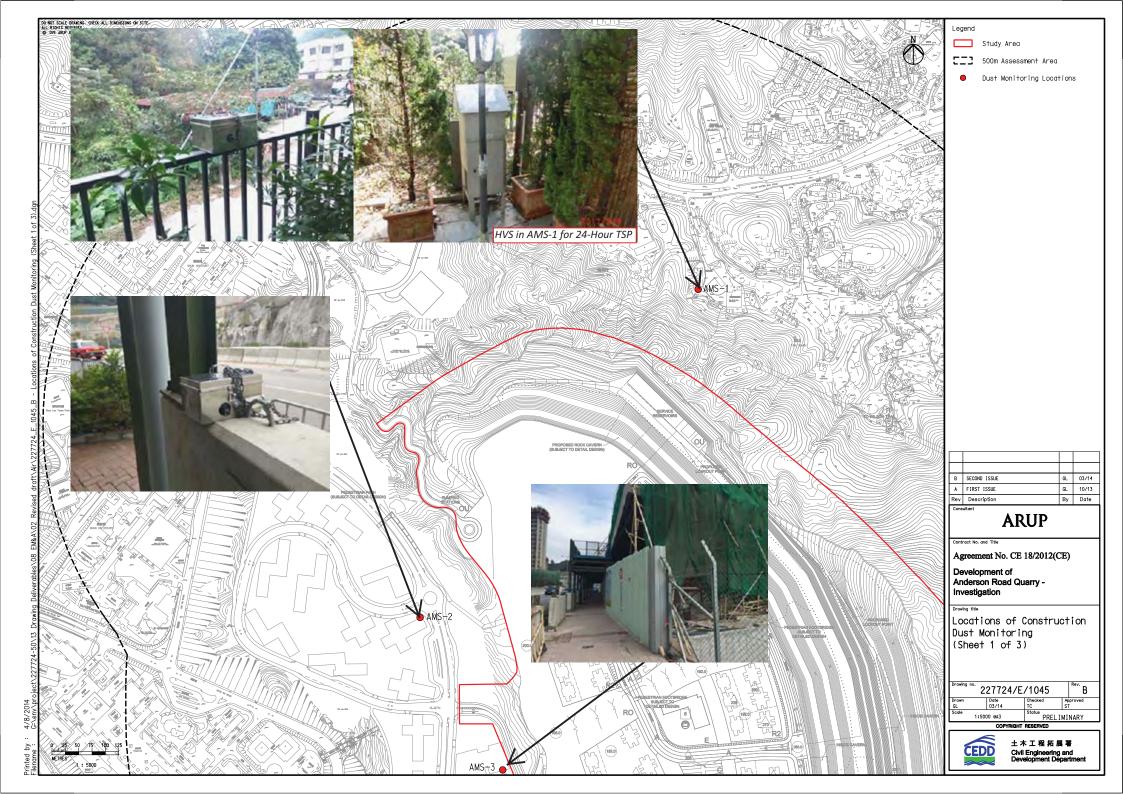
AUES (ET) – Action-United Environmental Services & Consulting

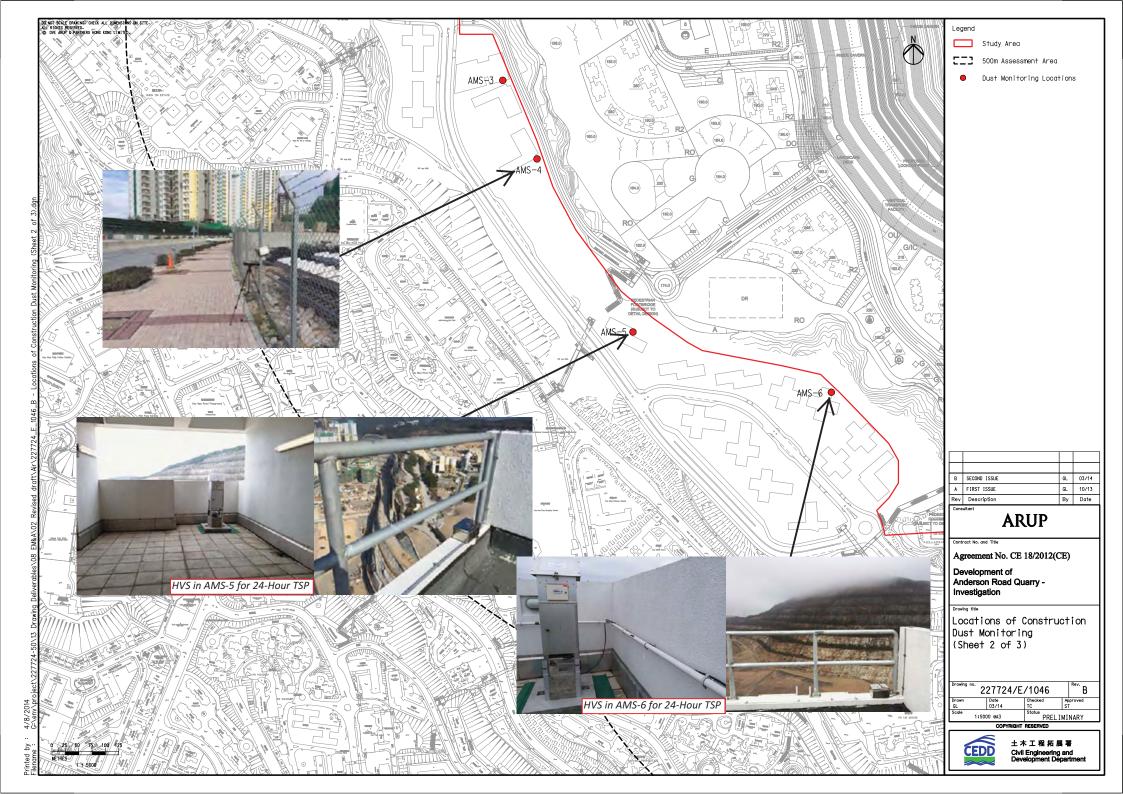


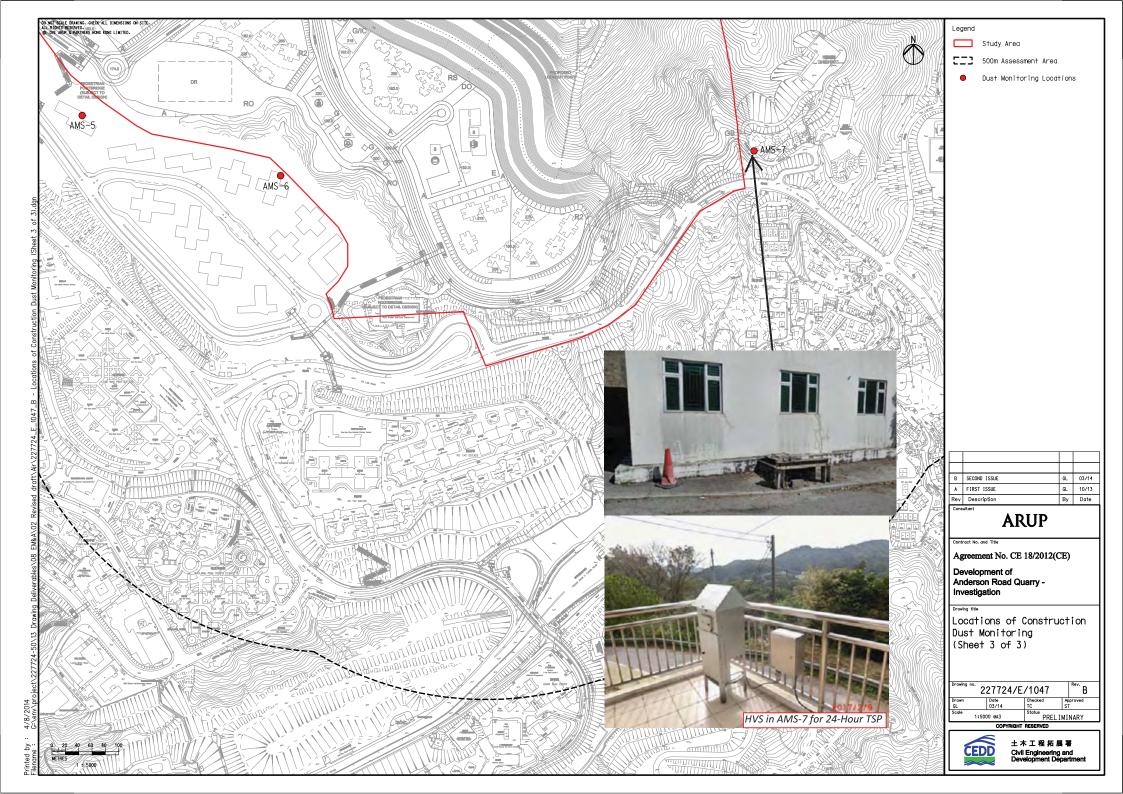


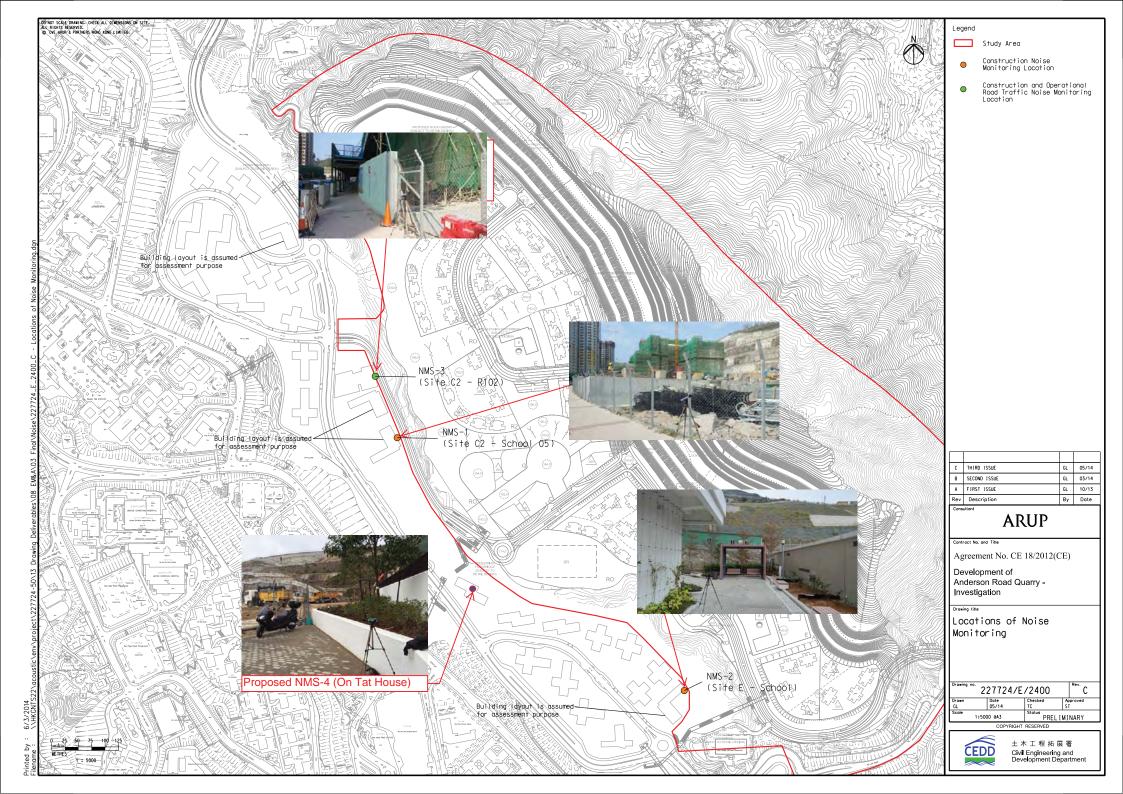
# **Appendix C**

**Monitoring Locations for Impact Monitoring** 











# Appendix D

**Event and Action Plan** 

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and AUES **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

## **Event / Action Plan for construction dust**

Event	Action			
	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Action Level exceedance for one sample	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform IEC, ER and Contractor; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; and 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily.	1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; and 3. Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.	1. Notify Contractor.	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures 2. Rectify any unacceptable practice and implement remedial measures; and 3. Amend working methods agreed with ER if appropriate.
Action Level exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform IEC, ER and Contractor; 3. Advise the ER and Contractor on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 4. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 6. Discuss with IEC, ER and Contractor on remedial actions required; 7. If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER; and 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; and 5. Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; and 3. Supervise and ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to ER with a copy to ET and IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; and 4. Amend proposal if appropriate.

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and August Site – **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

Limit Level exceedance for	1. Identify source, investigate the causes	1. Check monitoring data	1. Confirm receipt of	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of
one sample	of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Inform ER, Contractor, IEC and EPD; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results.	submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss with ET, ER and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the ER and ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 5. Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; and 3. Supervise and ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 3. Submit proposals for remedial actions to ER with a copy to ET and IEC within 3 working days of notification; 4. Implement the agreed proposals; and 5. Amend proposal if appropriate.
Limit Level exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; 2. Identify source; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IEC, Contractor and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	1. Check monitoring data submitted by ET; 2. Check Contractor's working method; 3. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 4. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; and 5. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. In consultation with the ET and IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; 4. Supervise and ensure remedial measures properly implemented; and 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	1. Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; 2. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 3. Submit proposals for remedial actions to ER with a copy to ET and IEC within 3 working days of notification; 4. Implement the agreed proposals; 5. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 6. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated

Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works **Associated Infrastructure Works** 



Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

# **Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise**

Event Action				
	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Action Level Exceedance	1. Notify IEC, ER and Contractor; 2. Carry out investigation; 3. Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor; 4. Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; 5. Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness.	1. Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; 2. Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; 4. Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC and ER;     Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Limit Level Exceedance	1. Identify source; 2. Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; 3. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	1. Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 2. Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures.	1. Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; 2. Notify Contractor; 3. Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; 4. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	1. Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; 2. Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; 3. Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; 5. Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.

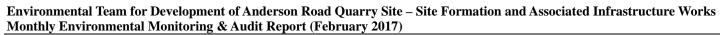




**Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)** 

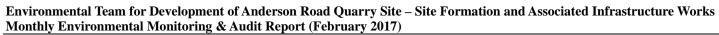
## Appendix E

## **Implementation Schedule for Environmental Mitigation Measures**





EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
<b>Dust Impa</b>	act (Contraction Phase)				
S4.7.2 to S4.7.5	Mitigation measures in form of regular watering under a good site practice should be adopted. Watering once per hour on exposed worksites and haul road is proposed to achieve dust removal efficiency of 91.7%. While the above watering frequencies are to be followed, the extent of watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no less than 1.75 L/m2 to achieve the respective dust removal efficiencies.	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S4.7.6	The Contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements given in the Air Pollution Control (Construct ion Dust) Regulation.	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S4.7.6	<ul> <li>Following dust suppression measures should also be incorporated by the Contractor to control the dust nuisance throughout the construction phase:</li> <li>Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading;</li> <li>Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wet ted with water and cleared from the surface of roads;</li> <li>A stockpile of dusty material should not be extend beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones;.</li> <li>The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construct ion site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle;</li> <li>Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the road sect ion between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;</li> <li>When there are open excavation and reinstatement works, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided as far as practicable along the site boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained throughout the construct ion period.</li> <li>The port ion of any road leading only to construct ion site that is within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials;</li> <li>Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting, polishing</li> </ul>	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	#



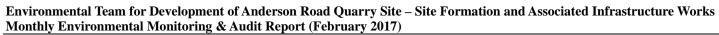


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	<ul> <li>or other mechanical breaking operation takes place should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical continuously;</li> <li>Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior to, during and immediately after the activities so as to maintain the entire surface wet;</li> <li>Where a scaffolding is erected around the perimeter of a building under construction, effective dust screens, sheeting or netting should be provided to enclose the scaffolding from the ground floor level of the building, or a canopy should be provided from the first floor level up to the highest level of the scaffolding;</li> <li>Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting;</li> <li>Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides;</li> <li>Cement or dry PFA delivered in bulk should be stored in a closed silo fit ted with an audible high level alarm which is interlocked with the material filling line and no overfilling is allowed; and</li> <li>Exposed earth should be properly treated by compact ion, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shortcrete or other suitable surface stabiliser within six months after the last construct ion activity on the construction site or part of the construct ion site where the exposed earth lies.</li> </ul>				
S4.7.7	Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the Construction phase.	Control construction airborne noise	Selected Representative dust monitoring station	All construction sites where practicable	#
Noise Impa	Implement the following good site management practices:  only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be	Control construct ion airborne noise	Contractor	All construction	#
	<ul> <li>only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construct ion programme;</li> <li>machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum;</li> <li>plant known to emit noise strongly in one direct ion, where possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs;</li> <li>silencers or mufflers on construct ion equipment should be properly fit ted</li> </ul>	anoonie noise		sites where practicable	

# Environmental Team for Development of Anderson Road Quarry Site – Site Formation and Associated Infrastructure Works Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Audit Report (February 2017)

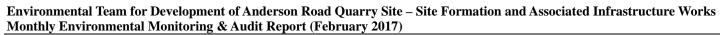


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	<ul> <li>and maintained during the construct ion works;</li> <li>mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible and practicable; and</li> <li>material stockpiles, mobile container site office and other structures should be effectively utilised, where practicable, to screen noise from on-site construct ion activities.</li> </ul>				
S5.6.11 to S5.6.13	Use of "Quiet" Plant and Working Methods.	Reduce the noise levels of plant items	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	#
S5.6.14	Install temporary site hoarding (approx 2.5m high) located on the site boundaries between noisy construct ion activities and NSRs. The conditions of the hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the construction period.	Reduce the construct ion noise levels at low-level zone of NSRs through partial screening.	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	#
S5.6.15 to S5.6.18	Install movable noise barriers, full enclosure and acoustic mat, screen the noisy plants including air compressor and generator.	Screen the noisy plant items to be used at all construct ion sites	Contractor	All construct ion sites where practicable	#
S5.6.19	Sequencing operation of construction plants equipment.	Operate sequentially within the same work site to reduce the construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construct ion sites where practicable	#
S5.6.34	Implement temporary noise barrier along Road L4.	Further reduce the construct ion airborne noise	Contractor	Road L4 of ARQ	#
S5.6.35	Implement a noise monitoring under EM&A programme.	Monitor the construction noise levels at the selected representative locations	Contractor	Selected Representativ e Noise monitoring stations	#
	lity Impact (Contraction Phase)				
S6.6.3	Construction Runoff In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construct ion Site Drainage, Environmental Protect ion Department , 1994 (ProPECC PN 1/94), best management practices should be implemented as far as	Control construction runoff	Contractor	All construction sites	#



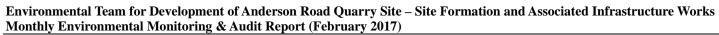


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	practicable as below:				
	• At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site				
	water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works.				
	Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts),				
	earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct				
	stormwater to silt removal facilities.				
	Diversion of natural stormwater should be provided as far as possible. The				
	design of temporary on-site drainage should prevent runoff going through				
	site surface, construction machinery and equipment in order to avoid or				
	minimize polluted runoff. Sediment at ion tanks with sufficient capacity, constructed from preformed individual cells of approximately 6 to 8 m <sup>3</sup>				
	constructed from preformed individual cens of approximately of to 8 in capacities, are recommended as a general mitigation measure which can be				
	used for set t ling surface runoff prior to disposal. The system capacity shall				
	be flexible and able to handle multiple inputs from a variety of sources and				
	suited to applications where the influent is pumped.				
	• The dikes or embankments for flood protect ion should be implemented				
	around the boundaries of earthwork areas. Temporary ditches should be				
	provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into an appropriate watercourse,				
	through a silt /sediment t rap. The silt /sediment t raps should be				
	incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposit ion				
	rates.				
	• The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the				
	guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94. The detailed design of the				
	sand/silt traps should be undertaken by the contractor prior to the				
	commencement of construct ion.				
	• Construction works should be programmed to minimize surface excavation				
	works during the rainy seasons (April to September). All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as soon as possible after				
	earthworks have been completed. If excavation of soil cannot be avoided				
	during the rainy season, or at any time of year when rainstorms are likely,				
	exposed slope surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means.				
	<ul> <li>All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be</li> </ul>				
	regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation				
	at all times and particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit				
	should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading evenly over				
	stable, vegetated areas.				
	• Measures should be taken to minimise the ingress of site drainage into				



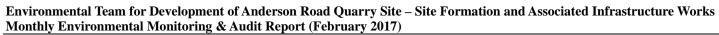


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	<ul> <li>excavations. If the excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, it should be dug and backfilled in short sect ions wherever practicable. Water pumped out from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities.</li> <li>All open stockpiles of construct ion materials (for example, aggregates, sand and fill material) of should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construct ion materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system.</li> <li>Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construct ion materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm runoff being</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>directed into foul sewers.</li> <li>Precautions to be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, act ions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted, and act ions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of <i>ProPECC PN 1/94</i>. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events.</li> <li>All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construct ion site</li> </ul>				
	to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and sited wheel washing facilities should be provided at every construct ion site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The sect ion of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient back all toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and rains.				
	<ul> <li>Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any oil/fuel pollution sources. The oil interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during heavy rain.</li> <li>Construct ion solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts.</li> <li>All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bun ds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby.</li> </ul>				



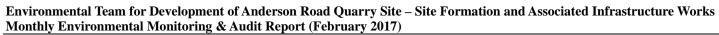


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	• Regular environmental audit on the construction site should be carried out in order to prevent any malpractices. Not ices should be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the rivers.				
S6.6.6 and 6.6.7	<ul> <li>Sewage from Workforce</li> <li>Portable chemical toilets should be provided for handling the construction sewage generated by the workforce. Assume that the capacity of the chemical toilets would be 0.4m3 and suck up twice a day under normal practices, around 45 chemical toilets would be required for the whole site at peak hour. And it should be noted that under normal construction periods, less chemical toilets would be needed. In addition, the total number of the chemical toilets would be subject to later detailed design, the capacity of the chemical toilets, and contractor's site practices. Nevertheless, a licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets to cater around 37.5 m3/day sewage and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance. Since portable chemical toilets will be provided, no adverse water quality impact from the workforce sewage is anticipated.</li> <li>Notices should be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the nearby environment during the construct ion phase of the Project. Regular environmental audit on the construct ion site should be conducted in order to provide an</li> </ul>	Handling of site sewage	Contractor	All construction sites	#
	effective control of any malpractices and achieve continual improvement of environmental performance on site. It is anticipated that sewage generation during the construction phase of the Project would not cause water quality impact after undertaking all required measure				
S6.6.8 and 6.6.9	Accidental Spillage To prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, proper storage and handling facilities should be provided. All the tanks, containers and storage area should be bunded and the locations should be locked as far as possible from the sensitive watercourse and storm drains. The Contractor is required to register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be generated from the construct ion activities. Storage of chemical waste arising from the construct ion activities should be well managed with suitable labels and warnings while disposal of those chemical wastes should be comply with the requirement states in Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) as well as Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)	Prevent ion of accidental spillage	Contractor	All construction sites	#



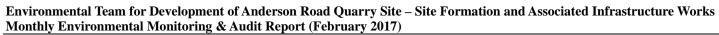


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	(General) Regulations.				
S6.6.11- S6.6.14	Groundwater from Contaminated Area  The Contractor should apply for a discharge licence under the WPCO through the Regional Office of EPD for groundwater discharge. Prior to the excavation works within these potentially contaminated areas, the groundwater quality should be reviewed during the process of discharge license application. The compliancy to the TM-DSS and the existence of prohibited substance should be confirmed after further SI. If the review results indicated that the groundwater to be generated from the excavation works would be contaminated, the contaminated groundwater should be either properly treated in compliance with TMDSS or properly recharged into the ground.  If wastewater treatment is deployed, the wastewater treatment unit shall deploy suitable treatment process (e.g. oil interceptor / activated carbon) to reduce the pollution level to an acceptable standard and remove any prohibited substances (e.g. Petroleum Carbon Ranges (PCRs)). All treated effluent from wastewater treatment plant shall meet the requirements as stated in TM-DSS and should be discharged into the foul sewers.  If groundwater recharging wells are deployed, recharging wells should be installed as appropriate for recharging the contaminated groundwater back into the ground. The recharging wells should be selected at places where the groundwater quality will not be affected by the recharge operation as indicated in the Sect ion 2.3 of TM-DSS. The baseline groundwater quality shall be determined prior to the select ion of the recharge wells, and submit a working plan (including the laboratory analytical results showing the quality of groundwater at the proposed recharge location(s) as well as the pollutant levels of groundwater to be recharged) to EPD for agreement . Pollution levels of groundwater to be recharged shall not be higher than pollutant levels of ambient	Minimize contaminated groundwater impacts	Contractor	All construction sites	#
	groundwater at the recharge well. Prior to recharge, any prohibited substances				
	such as PCRs should be removed as necessary by installing the petrol interceptor.				
Waste Man	nagement (Contraction Phase)				
S8.5.2	Good Site Practice The following good site practices are recommended throughout the construct ion activities:  • nomination of an approved personnel, such as a site manager, to be responsible for the implementation of good site practices, arrangements for	Minimize waste generation during construction	Contractor	All construction sites	#



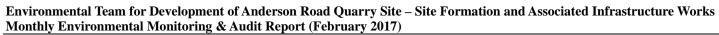


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	<ul> <li>collect ion and effective disposal to an appropriate facility, of all wastes generated at the site;</li> <li>training of site personnel in site cleanliness, appropriate waste management procedures and concepts of waste reduction, reuse and recycling;</li> <li>provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collect ion for disposal;</li> <li>appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering t rucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers;</li> <li>regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors;</li> </ul>				
S8.5.2 (6)	The contractor should submit a Waste Management Plan (WMP) as part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) in accordance with the <i>ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005</i> for construct ion phase. The EMP should be submit ted to the Engineer for approval. Mitigation measures proposed in the EIA Report and the EM&A Manual should be adopted.	Minimize waste generation during construction	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S8.5.3	<ul> <li>Waste Reduction Measures</li> <li>Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design phase, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. The following recommendations are proposed to achieve reduction:</li> <li>segregate and store different types of waste in different containers, skip or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling o materials and their proper disposal;</li> <li>proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage and contamination of construct ion materials;</li> <li>plan and stock construct ion materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste;</li> <li>sort out demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/recyclable port ions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.);</li> <li>provide training to workers on the importance of appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycling.</li> </ul>	Reduce waste generation	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	#
S8.5.5	Storage of Waste The following recommendation should be implemented to minimize the impacts:  • waste such as soil should be handled and stored well to ensure secure containment;  • stockpiling area should be provided with covers and water spraying system	Minimize waste impacts from storage	Contractor Contractor	All construct ion sites	#



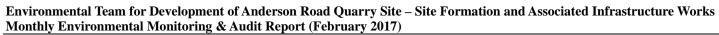


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	<ul> <li>to prevent materials from wind-blown or being washed away;</li> <li>different locations should be designated to stockpile each material to enhance reuse;</li> </ul>				
S8.5.6	Collection and Transportation of Waste The following recommendation should be implemented to minimize the impacts:     remove waste in timely manner;     employ the trucks with cover or enclosed containers for waste     transportation;     obtain relevant waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities; and     disposal of waste should be done at licensed waste disposal facilities.	Minimize waste impacts from storage	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S8.5.8	<ul> <li>Excavated and C&amp;D Material</li> <li>Wherever practicable, C&amp;D materials should be segregated from other wastes to avoid contamination and ensure acceptability at public filling areas or reclamation sites. The following mitigation measures should be implemented in handling the excavated and C&amp;D materials:         <ul> <li>maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling;</li> <li>carry out on-site sorting;</li> <li>make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate;</li> <li>implement a recording system for the amount of waste generated, recycled and disposed of for checking;</li> </ul> </li> <li>The recommended C&amp;D materials handling should include:         <ul> <li>On-site sorting of C&amp;D materials</li> <li>Reuse of C&amp;D materials</li> <li>Use of Standard Formwork and Planning of Construction Materials purchasing</li> <li>Provision of wheel wash facilities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Minimize waste impacts from excavated and C&D materials	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S8.5.15	Contaminated Soil As a precaution, it is recommended that standard good site practice should be implemented during the construct ion phase to minimize any potential exposure to contaminated soils or groundwater. The details of mitigation measures to minimize the potential environmental implications arising from the handling of contaminated materials refer to Land Contamination Section.	Remediate contaminated soil	Contractor	All construction sites where applicable	#
S8.5.17	Chemical Waste  If chemical wastes are produced at the construct ion site, the Contractors	Control the chemical waste and ensure proper	Contractor	All construction	#



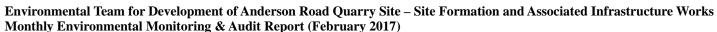


EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	should register with EPD as chemical waste producer. Chemical wastes should be stored in appropriate containers and collected by a licensed chemical waste Contractor. Chemical wastes (e.g. spent lubricant oil) should be recycled at an appropriate facility as far as possible, while the chemical waste that cannot be recycled should be disposed of at either the Chemical Waste Treatment Cent re, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	storage, handling and disposal.		sites	
S8.5.18	<ul> <li>General Waste</li> <li>General refuse should be stored in enclosed bins separately from construction and chemical wastes. Recycling bins should also be placed to encourage recycling.</li> <li>Preferably enclosed and covered areas should be provided for general refuse collect ion and routine cleaning for these areas should also be implemented to keep areas clean.</li> <li>A reputable waste collector should be employed to remove general refuse on a daily basis.</li> </ul>	Minimize production of the general refuse and avoid odour, pest and litter impacts	Contractor	All construction sites	#
S8.5.19	<ul> <li>Sewage</li> <li>The WMP should document the locations and number of portable chemical toilets depending on the number of workers, land availability, site condition and activities.</li> <li>Regularly collect ion by licensed collectors should be arranged to minimize potential environmental impacts.</li> </ul>	Minimize production of sewage impacts	Contractor	All construction sites	#
Ecology (C	ontraction Phase)				
S. 10.7.2 to 10.7.6	Re-provision of Wooded Area for ecological function at the future Quarry Park.	Compensate for the loss of three woodland patches of a total area of about 1.13ha.	Contractor/ Detailed Design Consultant (qualified botanist / horticulturist / Certified Arborist to supervise the planting).	Northern part of the proposed Quarry Park.	#
.10.7.10	Construction phase in situ mitigation measures to minimize impacts on hydrological condition and water quality of hillside watercourses include:  • Temporary sewerage and drainage will be designed and installed to collect wastewater and prevent it from entering nearby watercourses;	Minimize impacts on Hydrological condition and water quality of hillside watercourses.	Contractor	All construction sites	#





EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	Proper locations well away from nearby watercourses will be used for temporary storage of materials (i.e. equipment, fill materials, chemicals and fuel) and temporary stockpile of construction debris and spoil, and these will be identified before commencement of works;  To result muddly water entring people watercourses works it is along to				
	To prevent muddy water entering nearby watercourses, work sites close to nearby watercourses will be isolated, using such items as sandbags or silt curtains with lead edge at bot tom and properly supported props. Other protective measures will also be taken to ensure that no pollution or siltation occurs to the water gathering grounds of the works site;				
	Stockpiling of construct ion materials, if necessary, will be properly covered and located away from nearby watercourses;				
	• Erection of temporary geotextile silt fences will be carried out around earth-moving works to t rap any sediments and prevent them from entering watercourses;				
	Construction debris and spoil will be covered and/or properly disposed as soon as possible to avoid being washed into nearby watercourses;  The state of the				
	• Exposed soil will be covered as quickly as possible following format ion works, followed, where appropriate, by covering with biodegradable geotextile blanket for erosion control purposes;				
	Where appropriate, earth-bunding will be carried out of areas where soils have been disturbed or where vegetation has been cleared, to ensure that surface runoff will not move soils off-site;				
	• Construct ion effluent, site run-off and sewage will be probably collected and/or treated. Wastewater from any construct ion site will be minimised via the following in descending order: reuse, recycling and treatment;				
	Proper locations for discharge out lets of wastewater treatment facilities well away from sensitive receivers will be identified and used;				
	<ul> <li>Silt t raps will be installed at points where drainage from the site enters local watercourses;</li> <li>Appropriate sanitary facilities for on-site workers will be provided;</li> </ul>				
	The site boundary will be clearly marked and any works beyond the boundary strictly prohibited, and				
	<ul> <li>Regular water monitoring and site audit will be carried out at suitable points. If the monitoring and audit results show that pollution occurs, adequate measures including temporary cessation of works will be considered.</li> </ul>				
S.10.7.11	Implement an emergency contingency plan during the construction phase and the	Minimize impacts on	Contractor	All	#





EM&A Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	Implementation Status
	plan will include, but not be limited to, the following:	Hydrological condition		construction	
	Potential emergency situations;  Charminal and the independent protein and the in	and water quality of hillside watercourses.		sites	
	Chemicals or hazardous materials used on-site (and their location);    Chemicals or hazardous materials used on-site (and their location);	minside watercourses.			
	Emergency response team;  Emergency response team;				
	Emergency response procedures;  List of amount also have bettlined.				
	List of emergency telephone hot lines;  Locations and tensor of emergency appropriate and				
	Locations and types of emergency response equipment, and  Training plan and testing for effectiveness.				
T and asses a	• Training plan and testing for effectiveness.				
S11.14.23,	and visual (Contraction Phase)  All existing trees to be retained shall be carefully protected during construction.	Avoid disturbance and	Detailed Design	The whole	#
Table	All existing trees to be retained shall be carefully protected during construction.		Consultant /		#
11.9, CM1		protection of the existing	Consultant /	project area where	
[4]		trees			
S11.14.23,	Tree Transplantation - Should removal of trees be unavoidable due to	Minimize landscape	Detailed Design	applicable Onsite where	#
Table	construction impacts, trees will be transplanted or felled. Detailed transplanting	impact and retention of	Consultant /	possible.	#
11.9, CM2	proposal will be submit ted to relevant government departments for approval in	landscape resources	Consultant /	Otherwise	
[3]	accordance with LAO GN No. 7/2007, ETWB TCW No. 29/2004 and 10/2013.	landscape resources		consider	
	Final locations of transplanted trees shall be agreed prior to commencement of			offsite	
	the work.			locations	
S11.14.23,	Control of operation night -time glare with well-planned light ing operation	Minimize glare impact	Contractor/	The whole	#
Table	system to minimize potential glare impact to adjacent VSRs	to	CEDD	project area	π
11.9, CM3	system to minimize potential glare impact to adjacent voks	adjacent VSRs	CLDD	where	
[4]		adjacent VSKs		applicable	
S11.14.23,	Erection of decorative screen hoarding.	Minimize visual impact	Contractor/	The whole	#
Table	Election of decorative serecti notating.	William Visual Impact	CEDD	project area	"
11.9, CM			CLDD	where	
[4]				applicable	
S11.14.23,	Minimise disturbance and limitation of run-off – temporary structures and	Minimize visual impact	Contractor/	The whole	#
Table	construction works should be planned with care to minimize disturbance to	Timinize visual impact	CEDD	project area	"
11.9, CM5	adjacent landscape, vegetation, natural stream habitats.			where	
[2]	adjacente innesempe, regentation, intuitat outenin interiment			applicable	

<sup>(#)</sup> implementation status will be update when the EM&A programme in Construction Phase

 $Legend: V = implemented; \ x = not \ implemented; \ @ = partially \ implemented; \ * = pending \ to \ be \ implemented; \ N/A = not \ applicable$